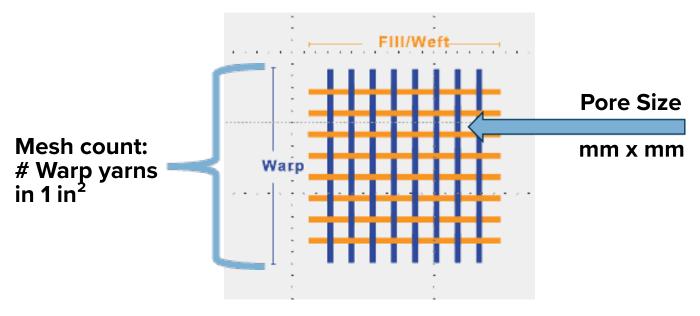
## Warp? Weft? Fill? MD? CD?

Fabric strength comes from the total number of yarns within 1 in<sup>2</sup> and the weight of each yarn (denier).

Manufacturer's specs generally give the total number of yarns in Warp and Weft/Fill directions, called **Construction**.



- MD Machine Direction, the Warp direction threads run the length of the fabric (blue in the photo)
- **CD** Cross Direction, the Weft/Fill direction threads run the width of the fabric (orange in the photo)
- Mesh Count Number of Warp yarns in 1 in<sup>2</sup> of fabric
- **Pore Size** Size of openings where wind, moisture, debris or insects may get through (mm x mm)

## Want to compare fabrics?

Fabric specifications should list it or
Use a magnifying lens to count yarns
Still unsure. See ASTM D8007



- If yarns are about the same shape, then a higher thread count means:
  - Heavier fabric
  - Stronger fabric
  - More Shade
- If # of warp threads is higher than the # of weft threads or vice versa:
  - Fabric strength will be greater in the higher thread count direction
  - Fabric stretch will be greater in the opposite direction

